

NIMA Address to the Executive Forum on Modeling & Simulation

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NIMA



NIMA Mission

To provide timely, relevant, and accurate imagery, imagery intelligence, and geospatial information in support of the national security objectives of the United States.





NIMA Standup

1 October 1996

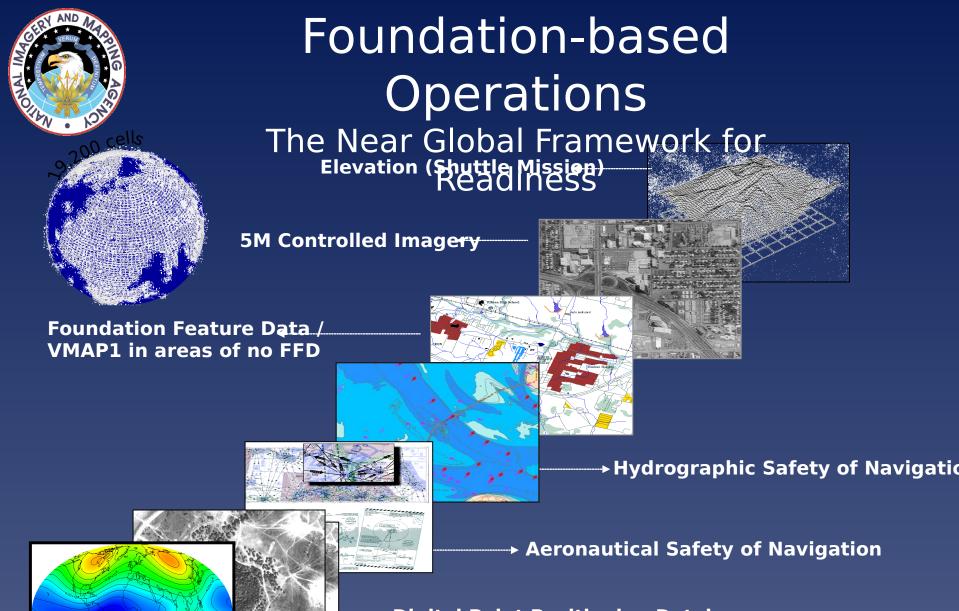
Incorporated entirely . . .

- Defense Mapping Agency
- Central Imagery Office
- Defense Dissemination Program Office
- National Photographic Interpretation Center



Incorporated imagery program

- Defense Airborne Reconnaissance Office
- National Reconnaissance Office
- Defense Intelligence Agency
- Central Intelligence Agency



Digital Point Positioning Database

Geodesy & Geophysics

Note: Many NIMA products are LIMDIS or Classified



Mission Specific Data Set (MSDS)

Imagery, elevation, and/or
feature data at an increas
level of accuracy,
attribution, and density

 Provides a common frame for interoperability - UCD

Built upon Foundation Da

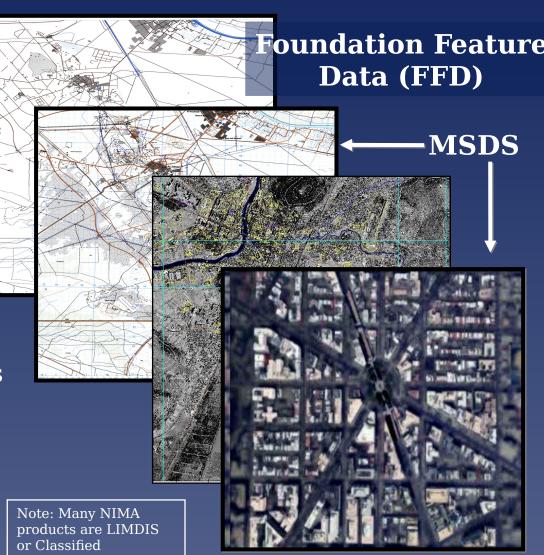
Content driven

Focused on specific objective areas

 Based on customer defined missions and intended uses

• Types of MSDS are:

- Standard
- Tailored
- Independent of format
- Supports value-adding





Shuttle Radar Topographic Mission (SRTM)

 SRTM is a joint NIMA/NASA Space Shuttle Mission to collect terrain height information at 1 arc sec density from 60°N to 57°S (80% of earth's landmass; 14400 1° cells)



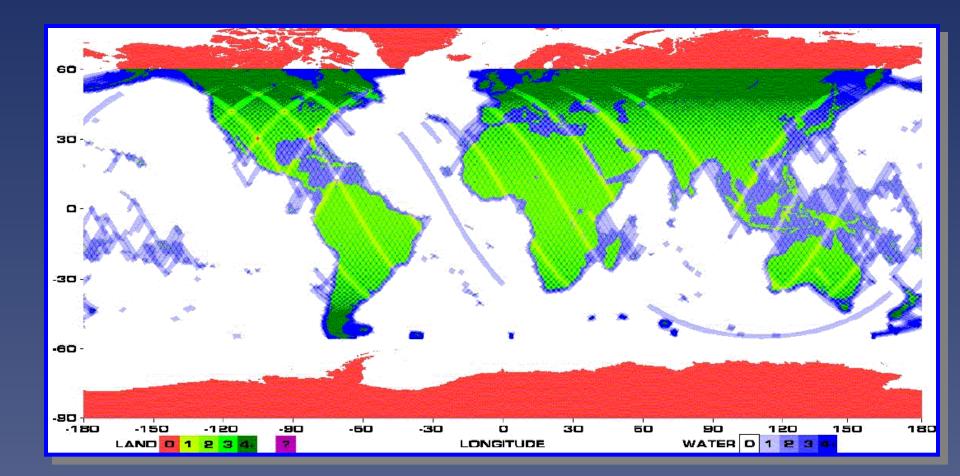


 NIMA processing of terrain height data to DTED2 format according to CINC/Service priorities

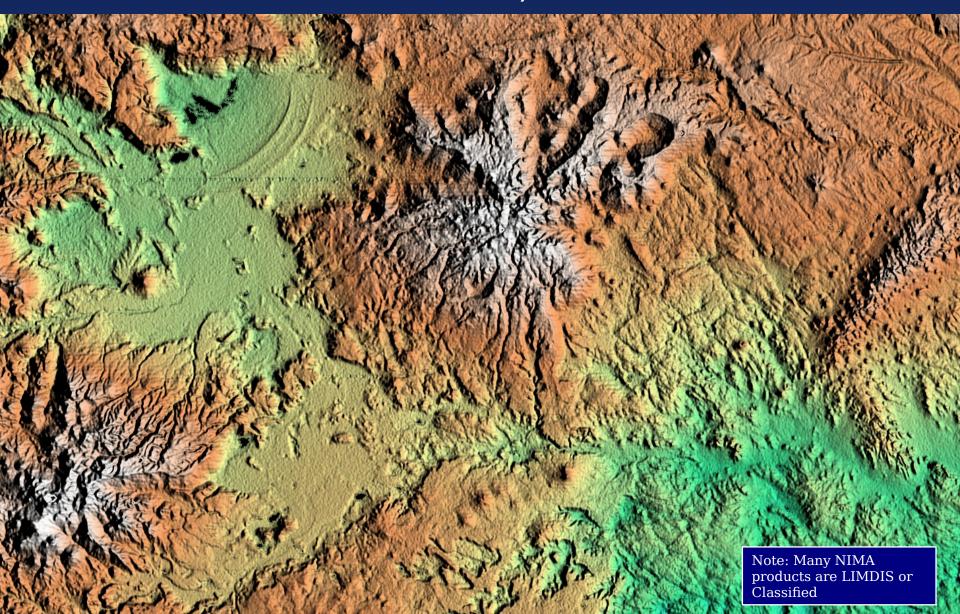


SRTM Collection Overview

- Extremely successful collection by the Shuttle (~119 million km2)
- 80% of the Earth's land mass imaged between 60N and 54S (Southern Alaska to Tierra del Fuego)
- 99.96% imaged once and 94.59% imaged twice



Shaded relief map of Patagonia, Argentina from SRTM data, 20 Feb 00





NIMA GI3 IPT

- Director of NIMA authorized the establishment of the Geospatial Information Infrastructure Implementation Integrated Product Team (GI3IPT), which began on 7 Aug 2000 and will run until June 2001.
- The team is focusing the attention of the community on the geospatial domain of the USIGS within the FY 2001-2010 timeframe with a view toward achieving the tenets of the DCI's Statement of Strategic Intent and JV2020.
- The team aims to deliver the final USIGS Geospatial Transition Plan in June 2001

Army Environmental Database IPT

- D/NIMA is a signatory of the OIPT Charter
- Army participation with the NIMA GI3 IPT has been productive
 - Mid Level Leadership at NIMA has agreed to include expanding the UCDM to accommodate all Army requirements for Geospatial Information required to support future M&S and C4I systems
- Army is finalizing the requirements documents for TCDM as a standard MSDS



NIMA as an M&S data producer

- Currently M&S data sets are not part of standard NIMA production
 - Low priority compared to CINC requirements
 - NIMA data is often LIMDIS or classified

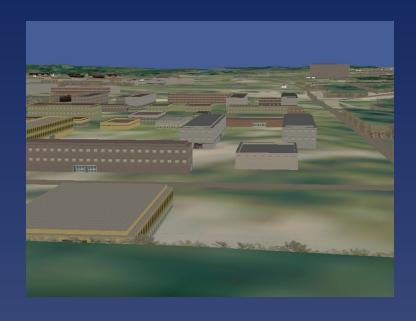
- NIMA Foundation Data and current Mission Specific Data Sets are designed for C4I systems not specifically for M&S systems
 - Army's adoption of TCDM as an MSE requirement will help

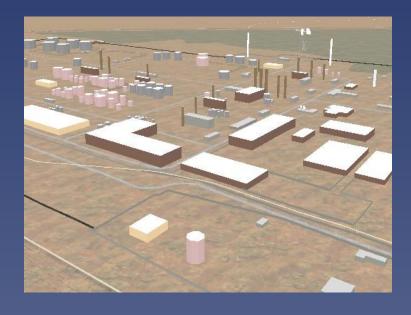




NIMA as an M&S data producer

 NIMA production to support M&S has been in the form of custom data sets for individual activities





- Examples
 - MOUT ACTD
 - MMBL
 - Army Experimentation



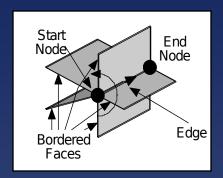
NIMA Future M&S Role

- NIMA is the Executive Agent for terrain data
 - Provided support to DMSO via Terrain Modeling Project Office (TMPO)
 - Support included R&D and data production
- Liaison and contact with DMSO has diminished with time
 - NIMA aiming to re-energize the relationship
 - M&S community needs to help define requirements



NIMA M&S Relevant R&D

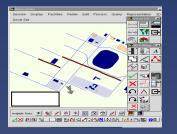
- Volume Topology Definition and Development
 - FY98 DMSO funding continued by NIMA
 - Currently at the prototype stage



Object Oriented Data Base / Stereo Workstation

Minneapolis stereo pair





Corresponding Gothic dataset

- Spatial Object Transfer Format NIMA 1998
 - Extending OGC Geography Markup Language
 - SOTF 'features', topological primitives. Node feature with its geometry, coordinates, and edge which is dependent upon that particular node. Edge feature with directed edges listed and the nodes upon which the edge is dependent
 - Possible mechanism for Volume Topology



Questions